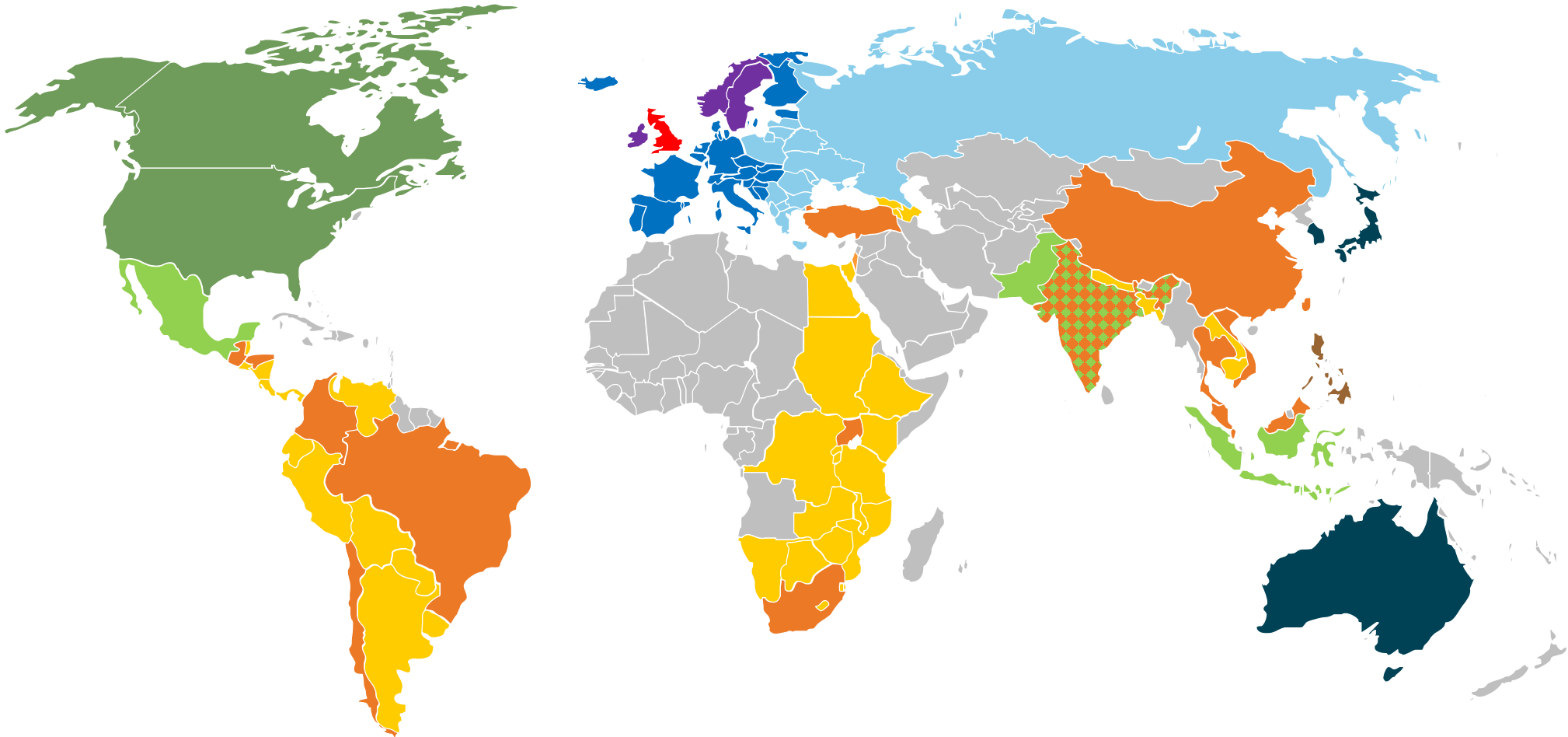


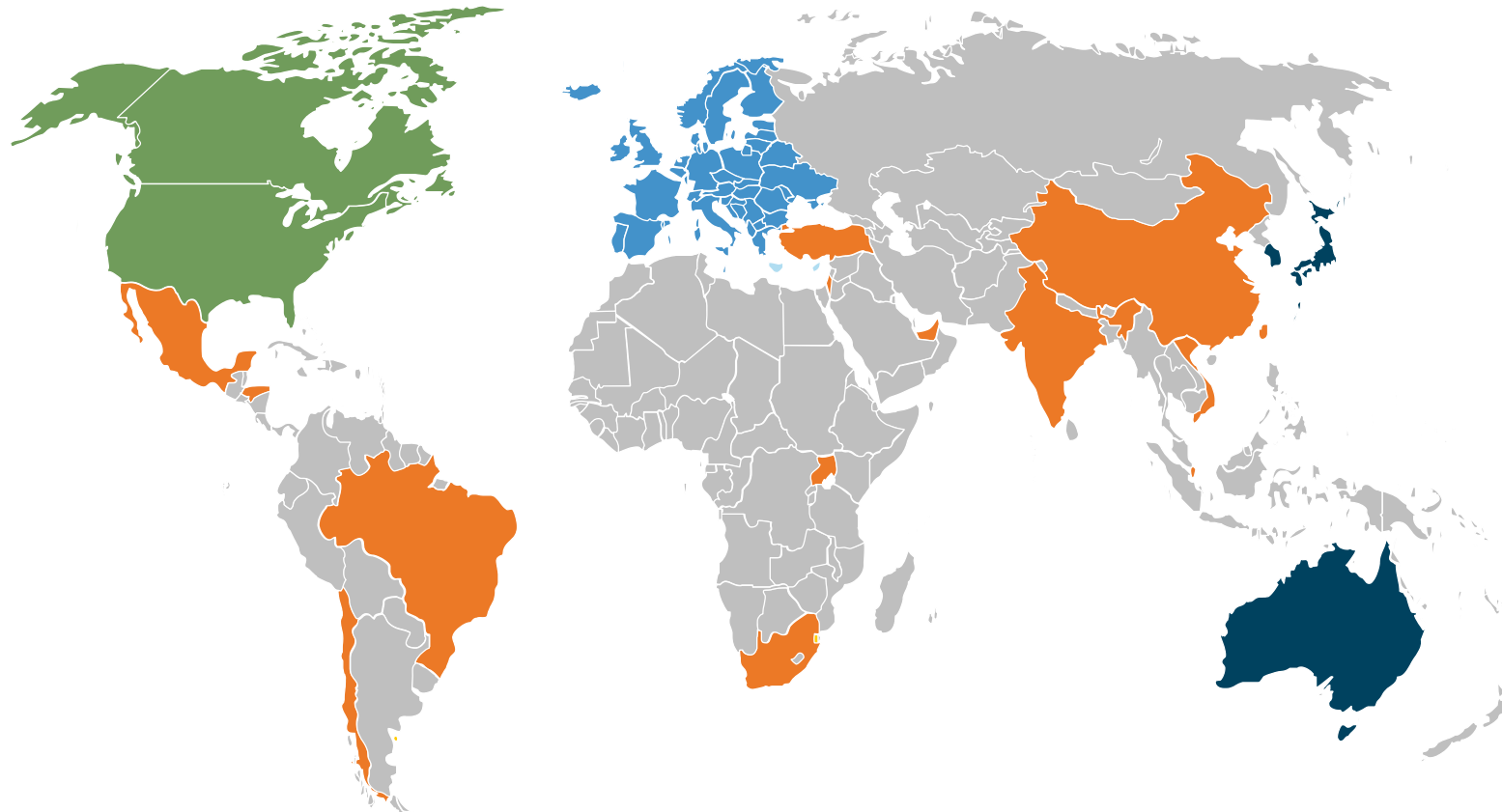
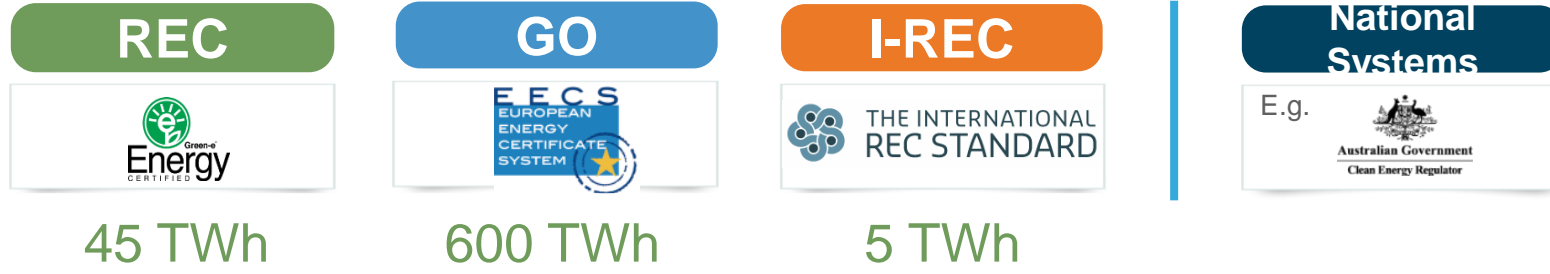
“The reports of my death have been greatly exaggerated”

# Global options

<b>REC</b>	<b>GO GRID</b>	<b>GO<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>REGO</b>	<b>I-REC GRID</b>	<b>TIGR</b>	<b>PowerPlus</b>	<b>National Systems</b>
							



# Three primary tracking systems that cover the world



# Key points

1. Governments are generally focused on capacity development and not accounting mechanisms
2. This focus generally means EACs are viewed as subsidy replacement instruments and not general/fact-based accounting instruments.
3. Some governments have decided that a supported MWh (usually with a FiT) cannot receive an EAC which generally means no producers will make the switch to a flexible, market-based mechanism
4. Governments often don't consider market infrastructure meaning the actual way in which the market will function is unclear, lacks transparency and is not robust or reliable.
5. There are generally easily implementable mechanisms that provide flexibility, support market growth that still adhere to all national legislation.

